screen fabric by applying directly to and moving a suction nozzle operating under vacuum across the clean screen fabric to generate a gas flow through the fabric that sucks off and entrains said remaining portion of said cleaning liquid in said gas flow and

NB 1 10. (New) The method of claim , wherein the rate of the gas flow is in the range of 5-60 m/s.

subsequently separating the entrained cleaning liquid from the gas flow.

- 11. (New) The method of claim 10, wherein the rate of the gas flow is in the ange of 10-45 m/s.
- 12. (New) The method of claim 11, wherein the rate of the gas flow is in the range of 15-30 m/s.

(New) The method of claim 9, wherein the entrained cleaning is separated from the gas flow in a separation zone where the cleaning liquid is separated and collected.

(New) The method of claim 9 wherein the vacuum used for sucking off the cleaning liquid is supplied by a compressed-air driven dust/liquid suction device.

The method of claim 9, wherein the vacuum used for sucking off the cleaning liquid corresponds to a regative pressure in relation to atmospheric pressure

16. (New) The method of claim 15, wherein the negative pressure is 100-200 mbars.

opening that is essentially rectangular.

FINNEGAN HENDERSON FARABOW GARRETT& DUNNER LLP of 20-3Ø0 mbars.

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